

### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. – 26. (Canceled)

27. (Currently amended) A catheter for accessing the heart and engaging a heart valve, comprising:

an elongate flexible body, having a proximal end and a distal end;

an anchor zone on a distal portion of the flexible body; and

at least one tissue manipulator carried by the flexible body proximally of the anchor zone;

wherein the distal portion is the anchor zone being configured to bend at least about 90 degrees to extend at least into an anatomical region adjoining the heart valve and the anchor zone and having sufficient rigidity is configured to stabilize orient and anchor the catheter so that the at least one tissue manipulator can be positioned at the valve; and

~~at least one tissue manipulator carried by the flexible body proximally of the anchor zone.~~

28. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 3 cm.

29. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 5cm.

30. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 10 cm.

31. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the tissue manipulator is moveable between an axial orientation for transluminal navigation and an inclined orientation for manipulating tissue.

32. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, comprising a first and a second tissue manipulator.

33. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the first tissue manipulator comprises a tissue grasper for grasping a heart valve leaflet.

34. (Original) A catheter as in Claim 27, comprising at least a first component which is axially moveable with respect to a second component.

35. – 77. (Canceled)

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78. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend from a left atrium, through a mitral valve and into a left ventricular outflow tract.

79. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend through a left ventricular outflow tract into an aorta.

80. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend into through a tricuspid valve and into a right ventricular outflow tract.

81. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend through a right ventricular outflow tract into a pulmonary artery.

82. (Currently amended) A catheter for performing a procedure on the heart, comprising:

an elongate flexible body, having a proximal end, a distal end and a length sufficient to reach the heart from a femoral vein access;

at least one tissue manipulator on the elongate, flexible body; and

an elongate, flexible distal portion comprising an anchor zone, the distal portion extending distally of the tissue manipulator;

wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is sufficiently flexible and long that it can extend through the mitral valve and into the left ventricular outflow tract and the anchor zone is configured to stabilize orient and anchor the catheter while the tissue manipulator is positioned at a leaflet of the mitral valve.

83. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 3 cm.

84. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 5cm.

85. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the minimum length of the anchor zone on the distal side of the tissue manipulator is at least about 10 cm.

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86. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the tissue manipulator is moveable between an axial orientation for transluminal navigation and an inclined orientation for manipulating tissue.

87. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, comprising a first and a second tissue manipulator.

88. (Previously presented) A catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the first tissue manipulator comprises a tissue grasper for grasping a heart valve leaflet.

89. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend through a left ventricular outflow tract into an aorta.

90. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend into through a tricuspid valve and into a right ventricular outflow tract.

91. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 82, wherein the ~~anchor zone~~ distal portion is configured to extend through a right ventricular outflow tract into a pulmonary artery.

92. (Previously presented) The catheter as in Claim 27, wherein the elongate flexible body is configured to house a fastening material that can be used to suture two leaflets together.

93. (Previously presented) The catheter as in Claim 27, further comprising a fastening material carried on the flexible body for suturing two leaflets together.

94. (Previously presented) The catheter as in Claim 93, further comprising at least one needle capturing device coupled with an end of the fastening material.

95. (Previously presented) The catheter as in Claim 93, wherein the fastening material is at least partially housed within the tissue manipulator.

96. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 93, wherein the fastening material is at least partially located distal of the tissue manipulator when carried on the flexible body.

97. (Currently amended) The catheter as in Claim 32, wherein the first tissue manipulator is asymmetric to the and second tissue manipulators ~~are asymmetric~~.

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98. **(Previously presented)** The catheter as in Claim 97, wherein the first tissue manipulator is longer than the second tissue manipulator.

99. **(Currently amended)** The catheter as in Claim 32, further comprising a first receptacle located within the first tissue manipulator for receiving a first fixating member.

100. **(Previously presented)** The catheter as in Claim 99, further comprising a second receptacle located within the second tissue manipulator for receiving a second fixating member.

101. **(Previously presented)** The catheter as in Claim 100, wherein a first end of a fastening material is coupled with the first receptacle and a second end of the fastening material is coupled with the second receptacle.

102. **(Currently amended)** The catheter as in Claim 87, wherein the first tissue manipulator is asymmetric to the and ~~second tissue manipulators are asymmetric.~~

103. **(Previously presented)** The catheter as in Claim 102, wherein the first tissue manipulator is longer than the second tissue manipulator.

104. **(New)** The catheter as in Claim 100, wherein a first end of a fastening material is disposed within the first receptacle and a second end of the fastening material is disposed within the second receptacle.

105. **(New)** The catheter as in Claim 94, further comprising a second needle capturing device coupled with a second end of the fastening material.

106. **(New)** A catheter as in Claim 93, wherein the tissue manipulator is moveable between an axial orientation for transluminal navigation and an inclined orientation for manipulating tissue.